CITY OF TRENTON VULNERABILITY ASSESSMENT **RESILIENT NJ**





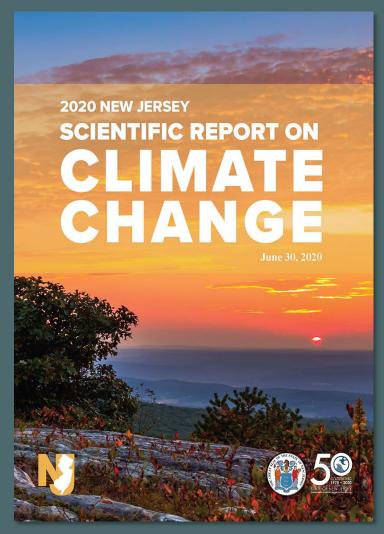
VULNERABILITY ASSESSMENT SCOPE

- Climate Categories
 - Coastal Impacts
 - Precipitation
 - Temperature
- Impact Analysis Subjects
 - Critical infrastructure
 - Community assets
 - Land use and zoning
 - Vulnerable populations
 - Ecological resources



NEW JERSEY PRECIPITATION PREDICTIONS

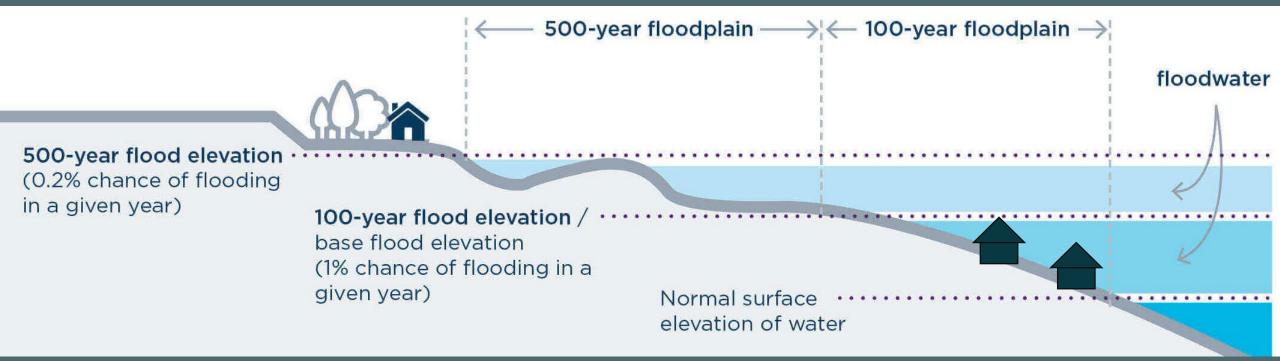
- Annual precipitation in New Jersey is expected to increase by 4% to 11% by 2050.
- The intensity and frequency of precipitation events is anticipated to increase due to climate change.
- The size and frequency of floods will increase as annual precipitation increases.
- Tropical storms have the potential to increase in intensity due to the warmer atmosphere and warmer oceans that will occur with climate change.
- Droughts may occur more frequently due to the expected changes in precipitation patterns.



-2020 New Jersey Scientific Report on Climate Change

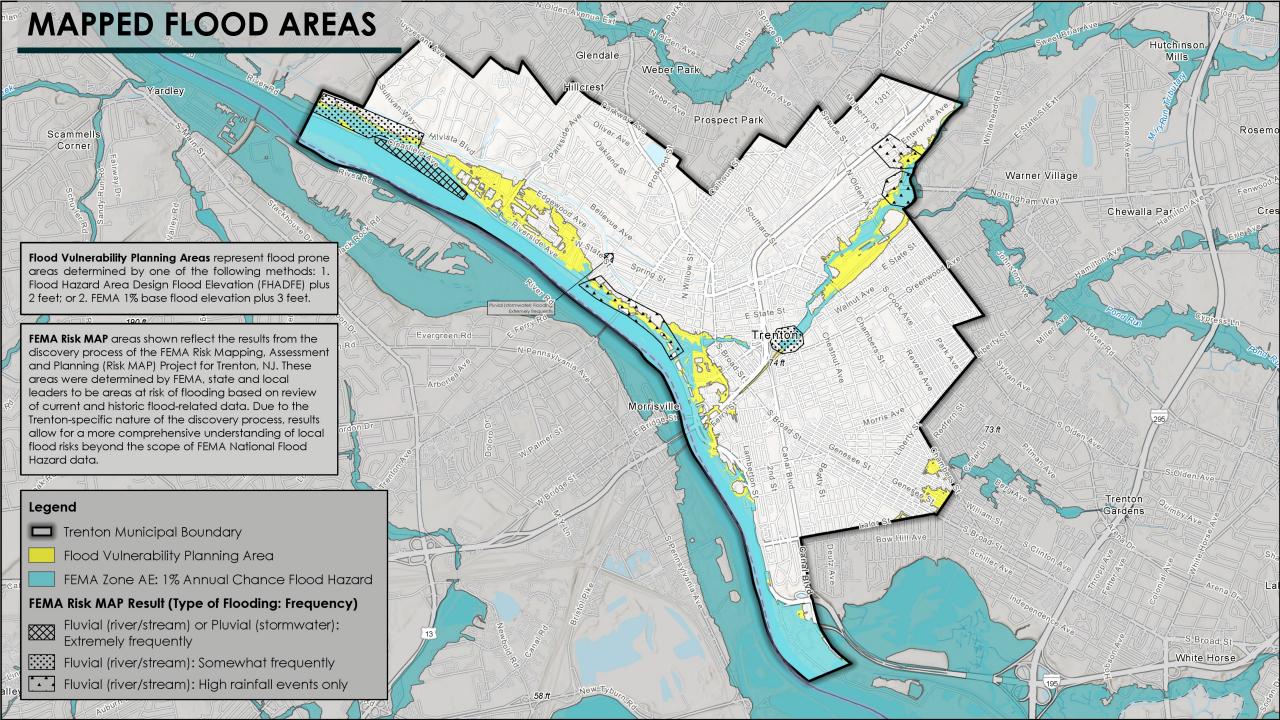
WHAT IS A FLOODPLAIN?

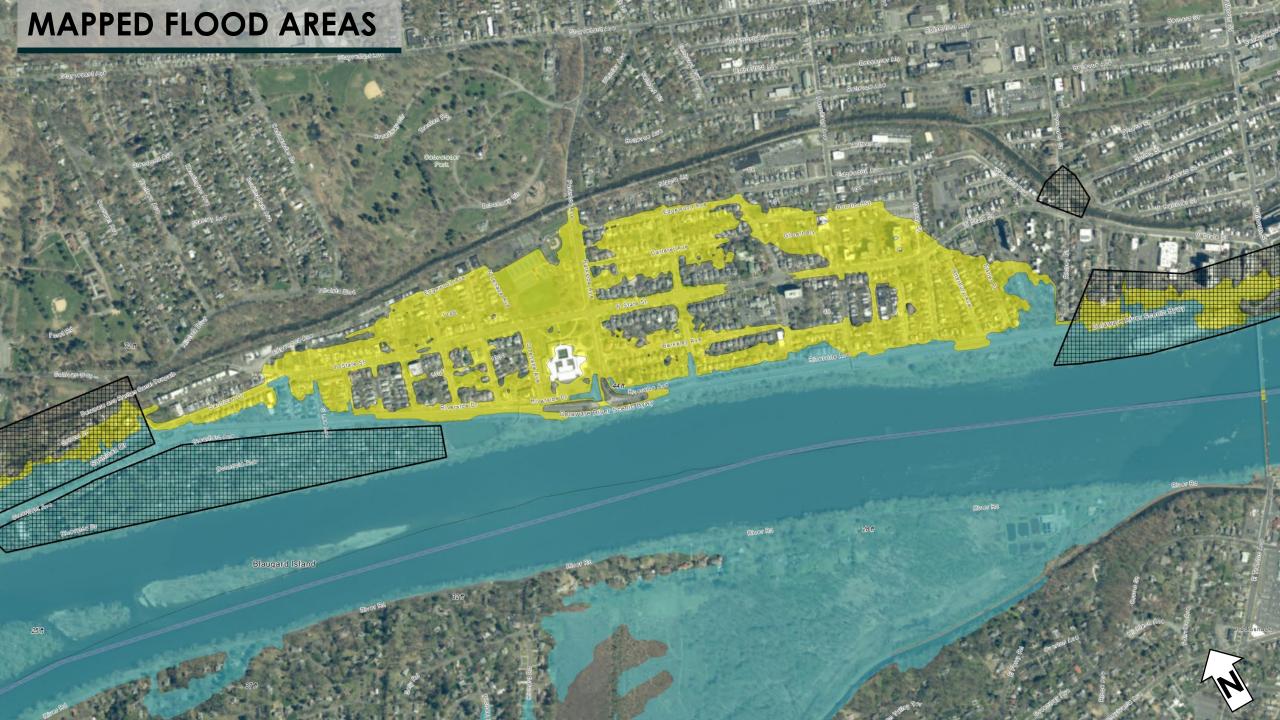
- A floodplain is an area next to a river or stream that is subject to flooding.
- FEMA (Federal Emergency Management Agency) models flood events and publishes floodplain mapping for use in regulation.
 - FEMA uses a 1% annual chance of flooding as their baseline.

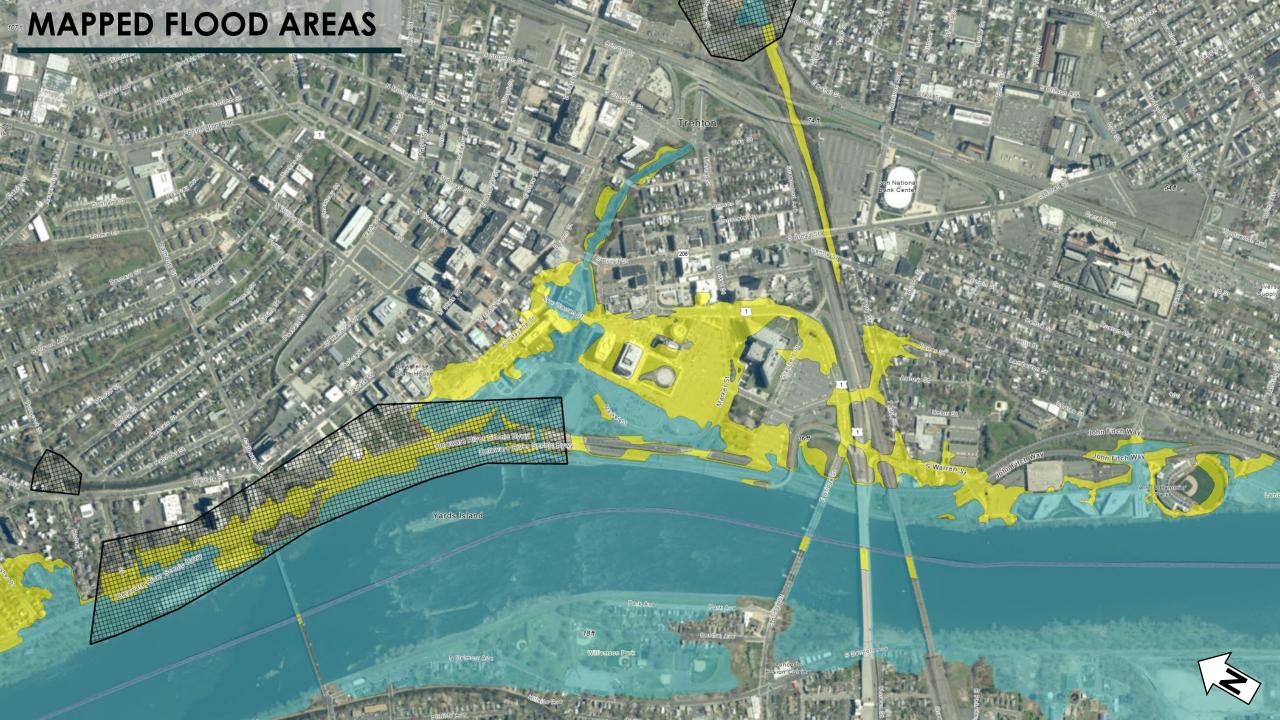


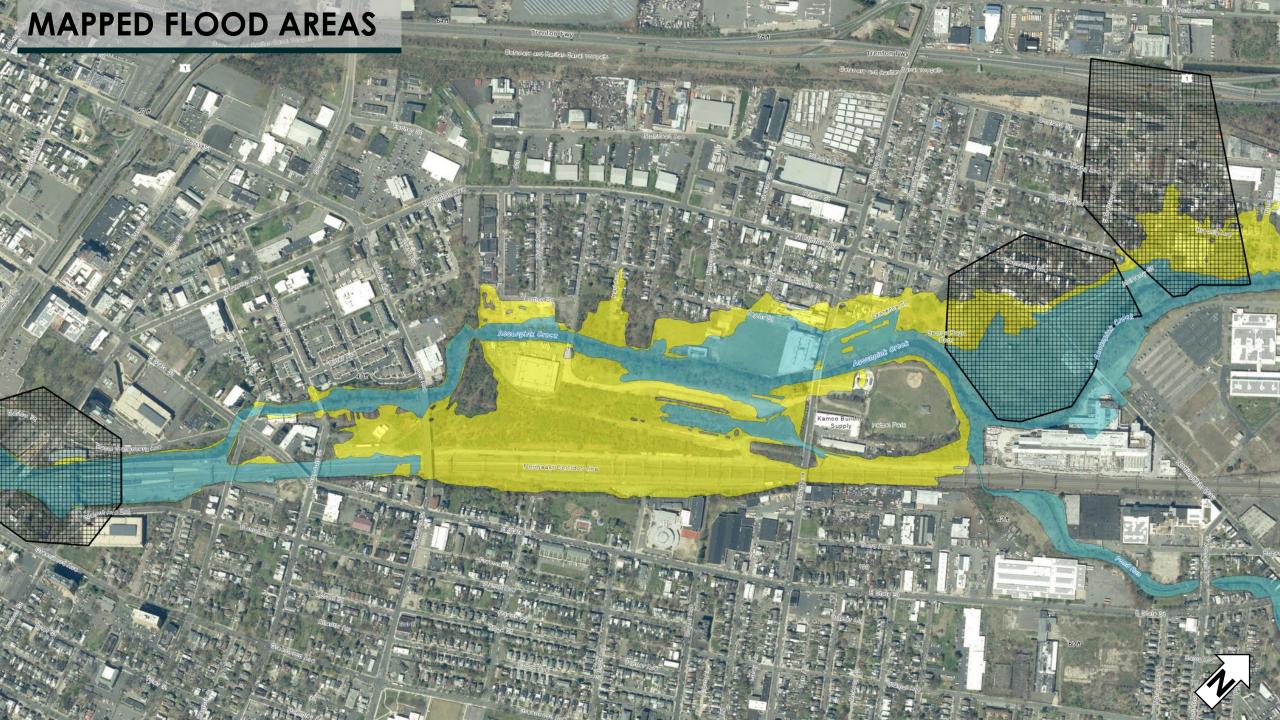
FLOODPLAINS CONSIDERED IN THIS ASSESSMENT

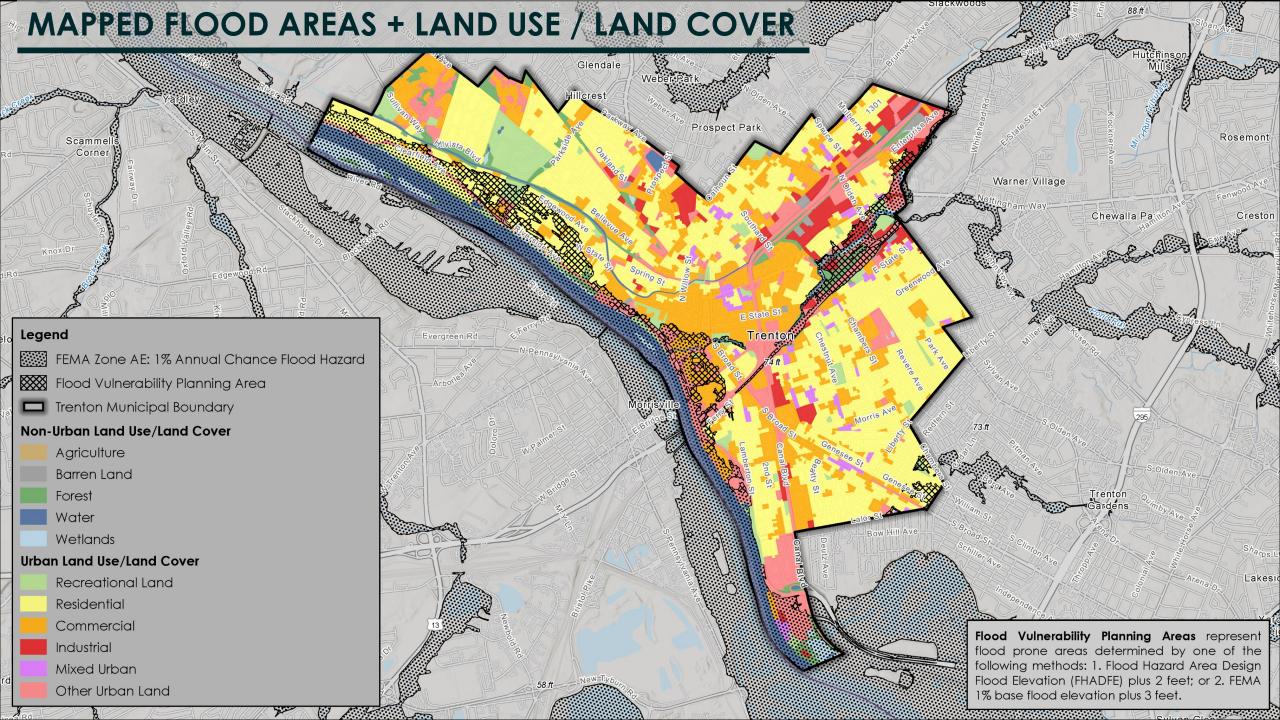
- FEMA Zone AE
 - 1% annual chance flood.
 - Also known as the '100-year flood' or 'base flood'.
- FEMA Risk MAP
 - From the Risk Mapping, Assessment and Planning (Risk MAP) program.
 - FEMA, state and local leaders collect current and historic flood-related data and then meet to review this data, as part of the discovery process to get a complete picture of the area's flood risk.
- Flood Vulnerability Planning Areas
 - Based on proposed expansions to the New Jersey Flood Hazard Area
 - FEMA 1% Base Flood Elevation + 3 ft
 - NJ Flood Hazard Area Design Flood Elevation + 2 ft



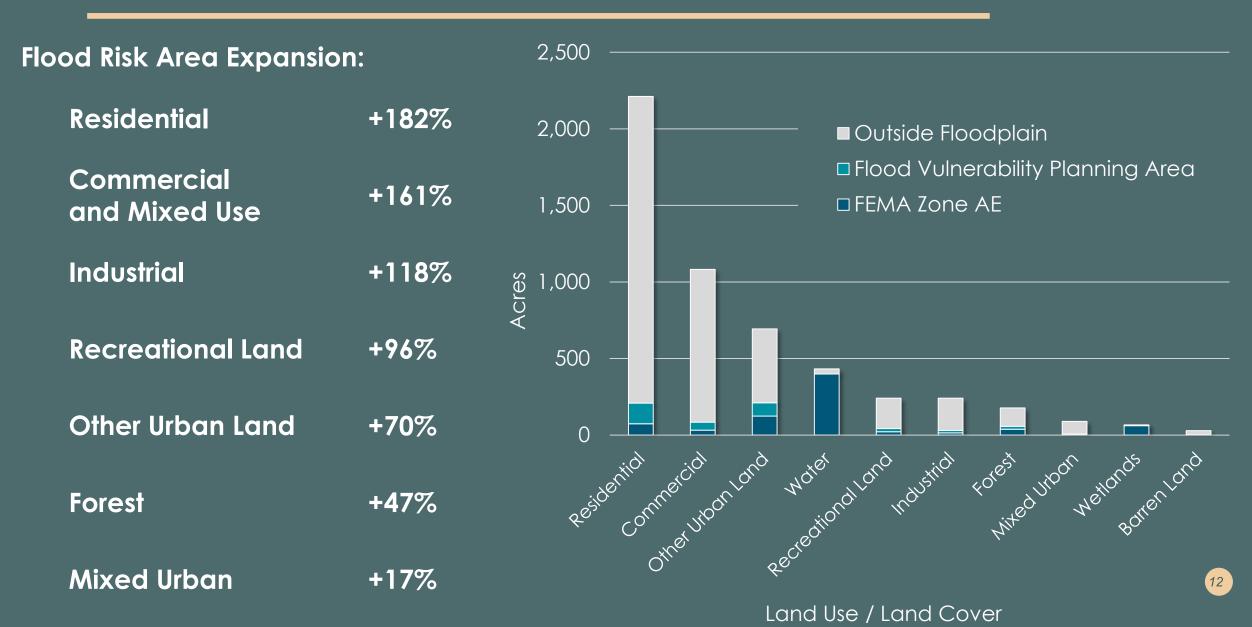


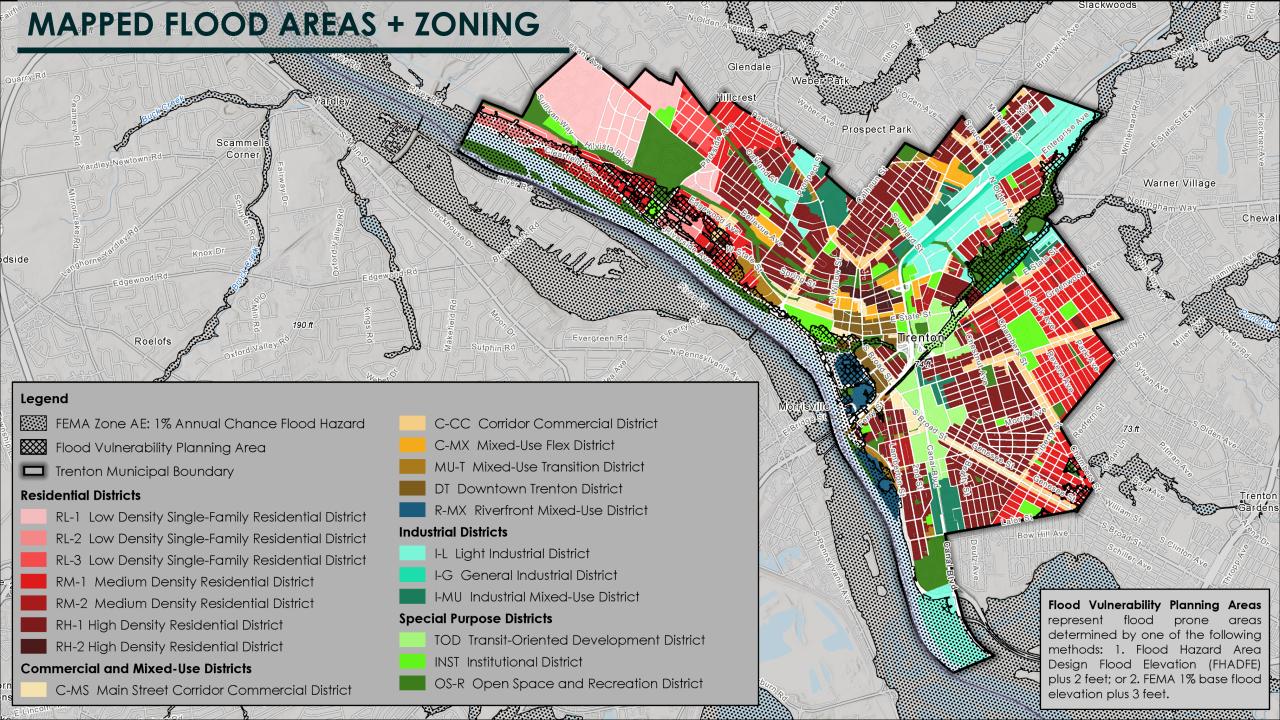






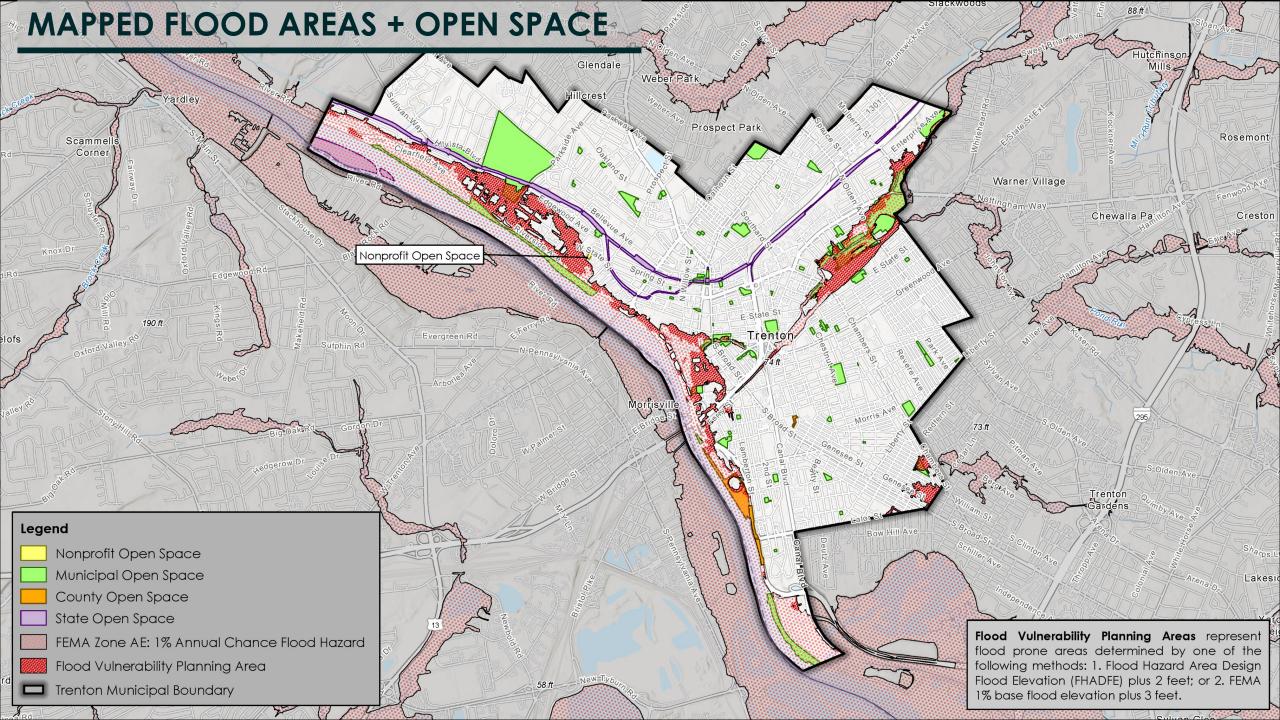
MAPPED FLOOD AREAS + LAND USE / LAND COVER





MAPPED FLOOD AREAS + ZONING





MAPPED FLOOD AREAS + OPEN SPACE

Flood Risk Area Expansion:

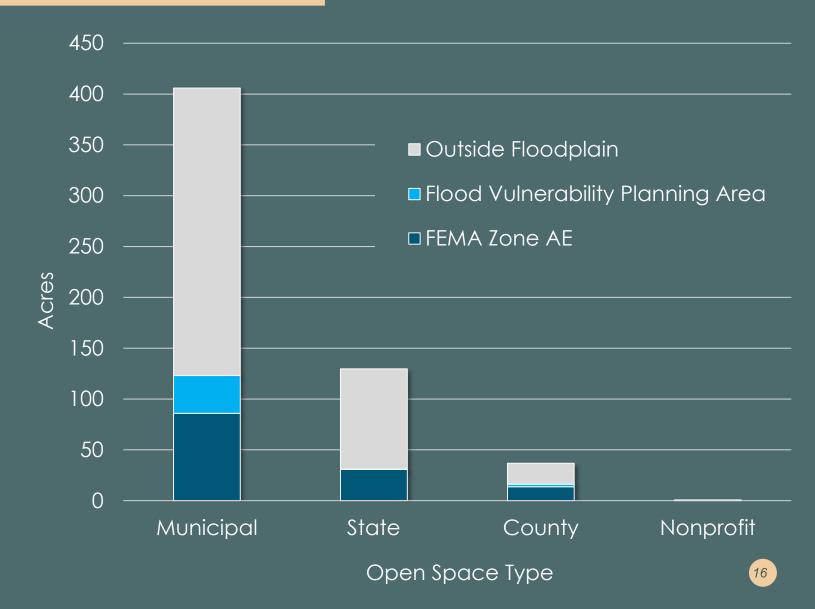
Municipal	+43%
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State +0.5%

County +19%

Nonprofit 0%

Total +30%



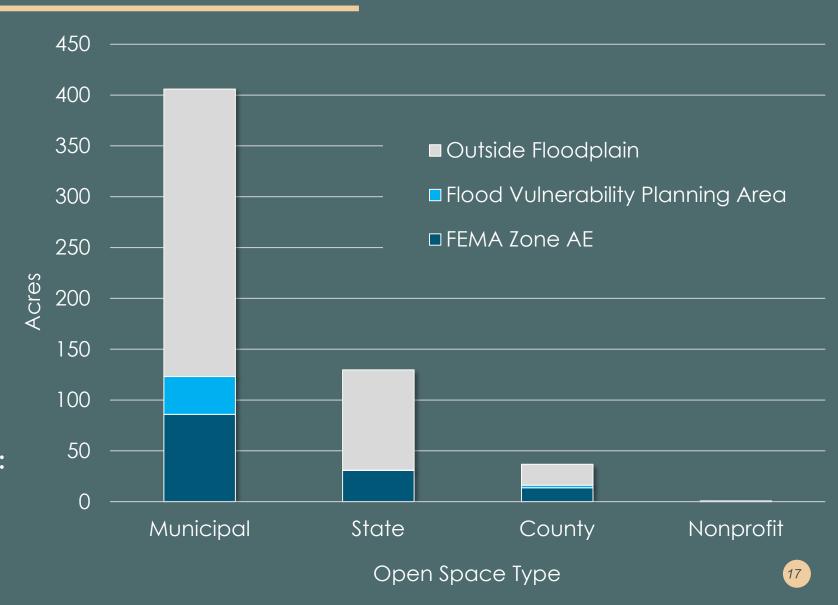
MAPPED FLOOD AREAS + OPEN SPACE

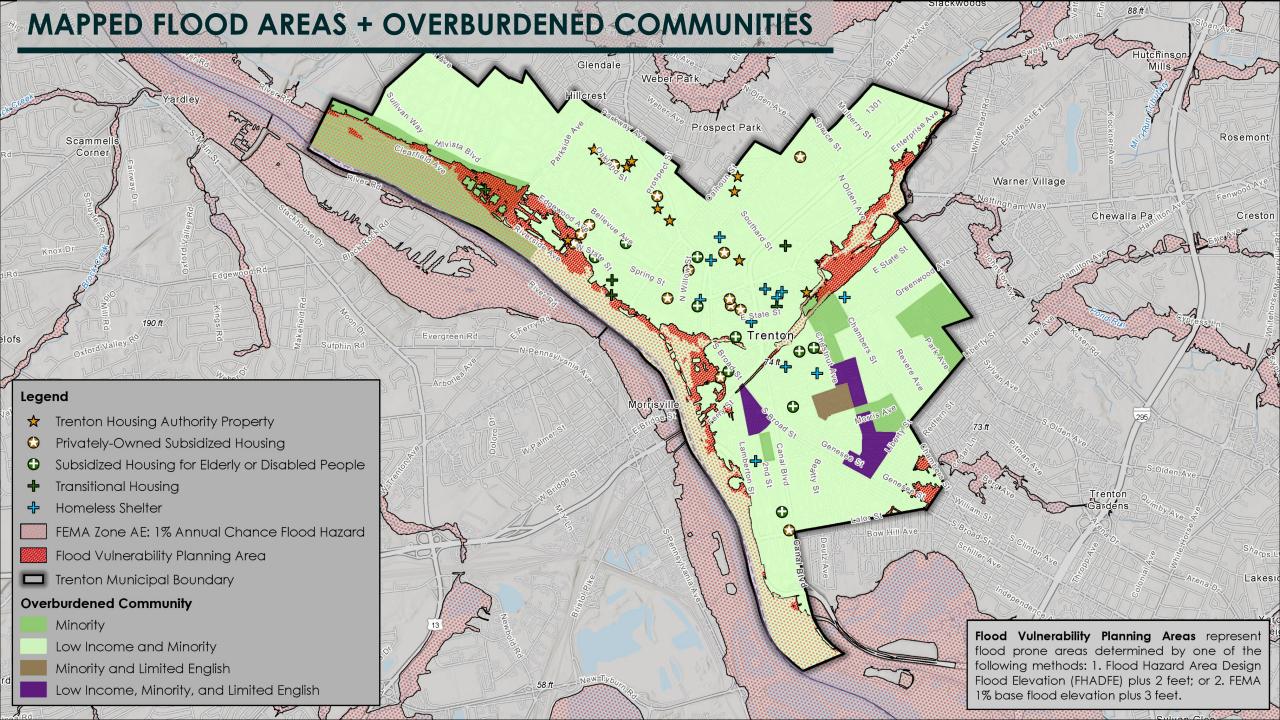
FEMA Zone AE:

- Washington Crossing State Park (Rotary Island)
- Stacy Park
- Assunpink Center City Park
- Mill Hill Park
- Old Wharf
- Waterfront Park
- Marine Terminal Park
- Monmouth Field
- Amtico Square Park
- Assunpink Greenway
- Hetzel Field
- George Page Park

Flood Vulnerability Planning Area:

- Cadwalader Park
- Trent House
- Bridge Street Park
- Franklin Park





MAPPED FLOOD AREAS + OVERBURDENED COMMUNITIES

Flood Risk Area Expansion:

Low Income and Minority

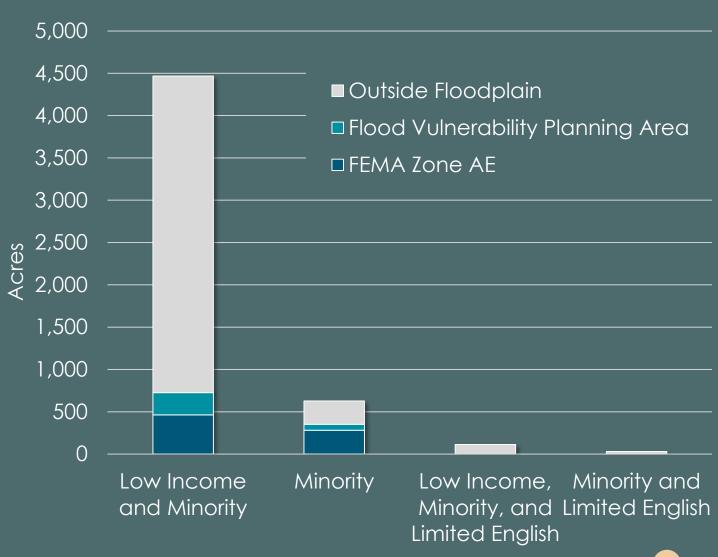
+57%

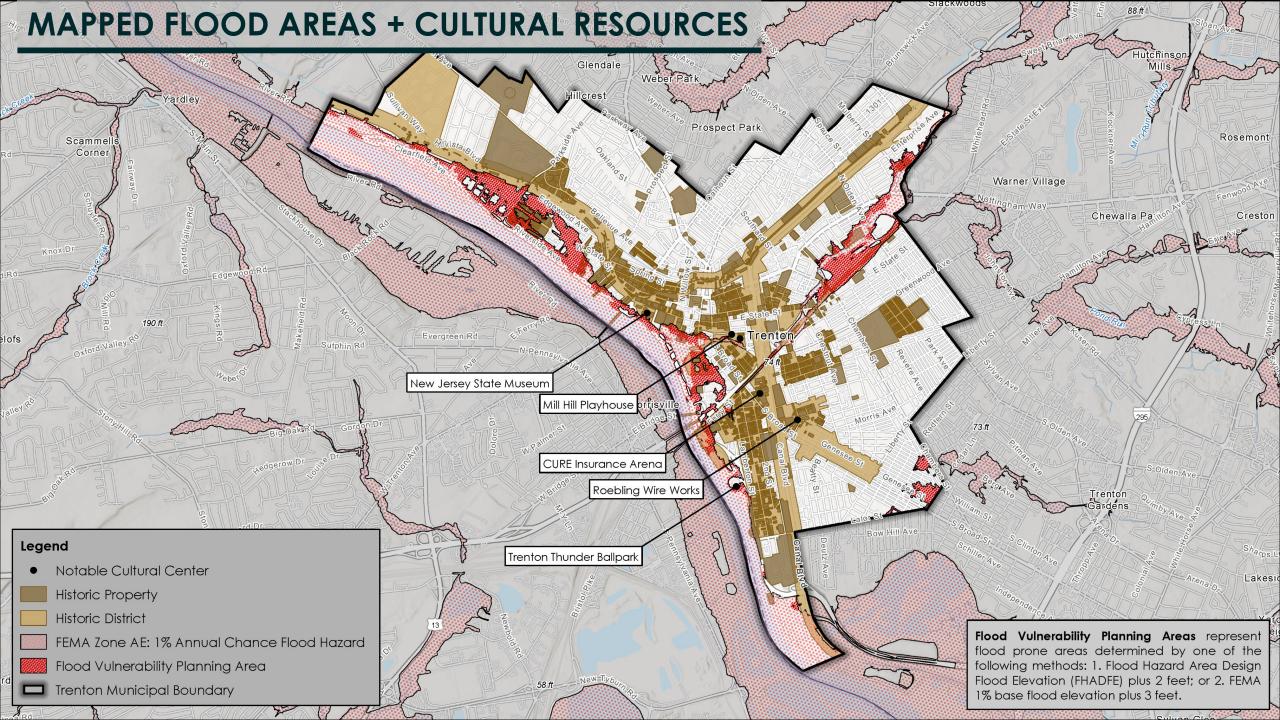
Minority

+25%

Public, subsidized, and transitional housing complexes that would be added in the Flood Vulnerability Planning Area:

- J. Conner French Towers
- Rowan Towers
- Oxford House West State
- Freedom House
- Kingsbury Corporation





MAPPED FLOOD AREAS + CULTURAL RESOURCES

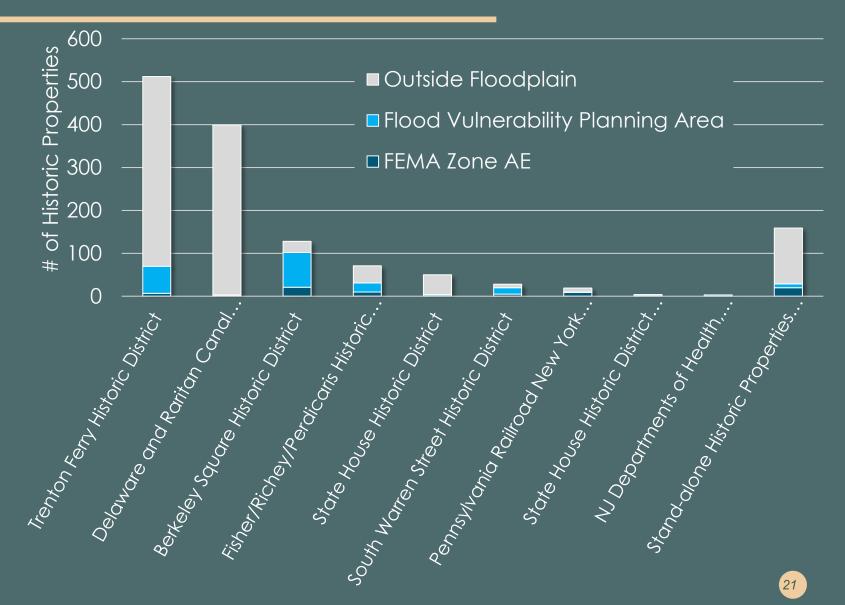
Flood Risk Area Expansion:

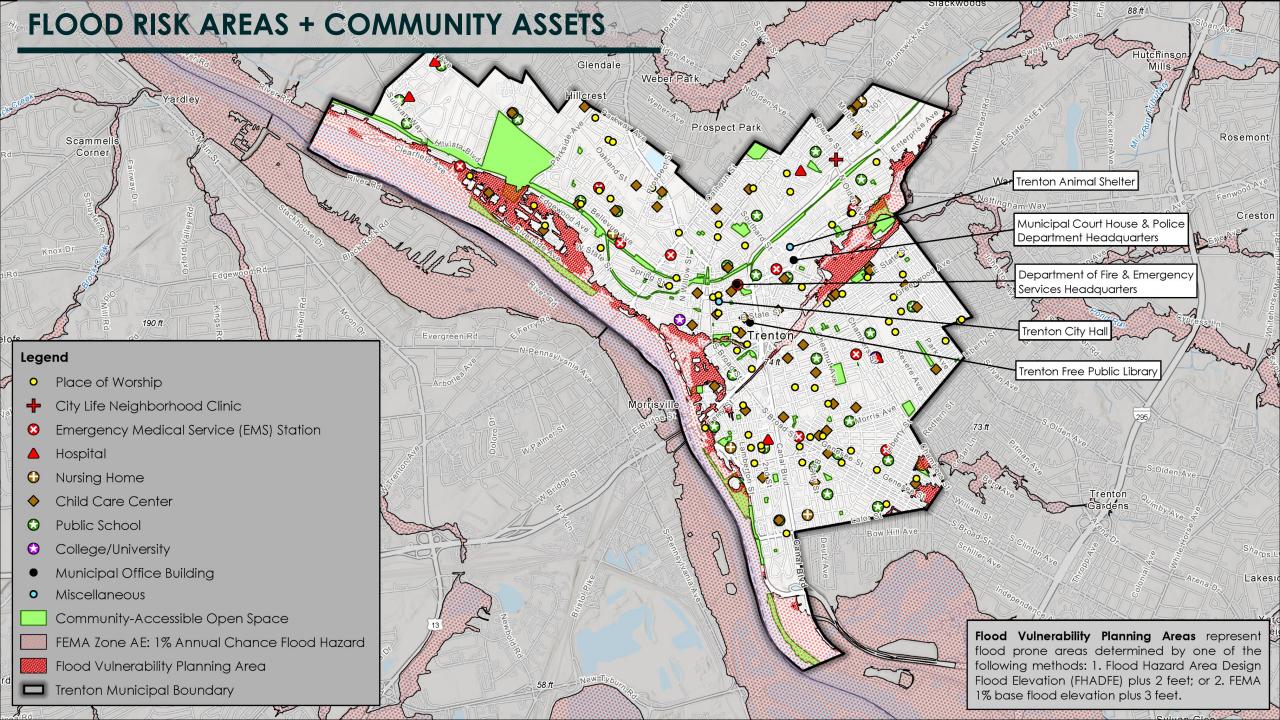
Berkeley Square 21 → 102 (+81) Historic District

Trenton Ferry
Historic District 7 → 70 (+63)

Fisher/Richey/
Perdicaris 10 → 31 (+21)
Historic District

South Warren Street Historic 5 → 20 (+15) District

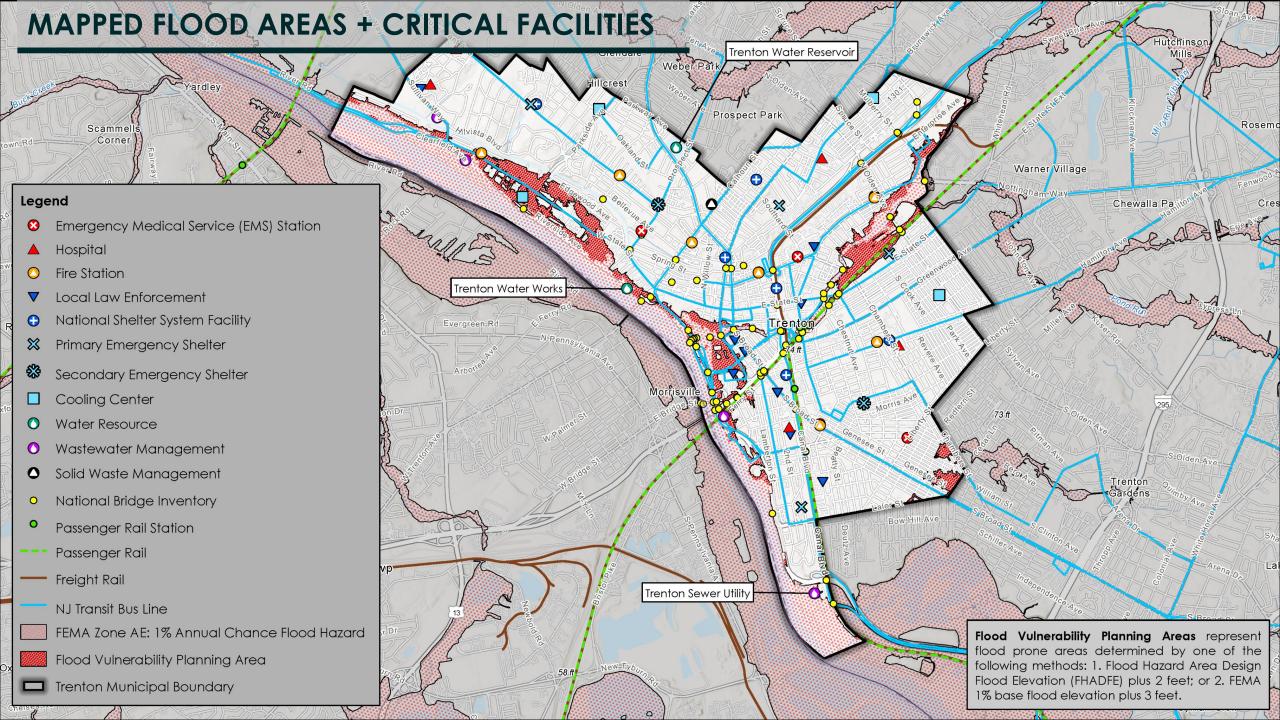




MAPPED FLOOD AREAS + COMMUNITY ASSETS

• FEMA Zone AE:

- Greater Emmanuel Pentecostal Church Of God
- Flood Vulnerability Planning Area:
 - Trenton Fire And Emergency Services Engine 9
 - Friends West State Child Development Center
 - Elect Saints Pentecostal Church
 - Spiritual Gates Of Prayer



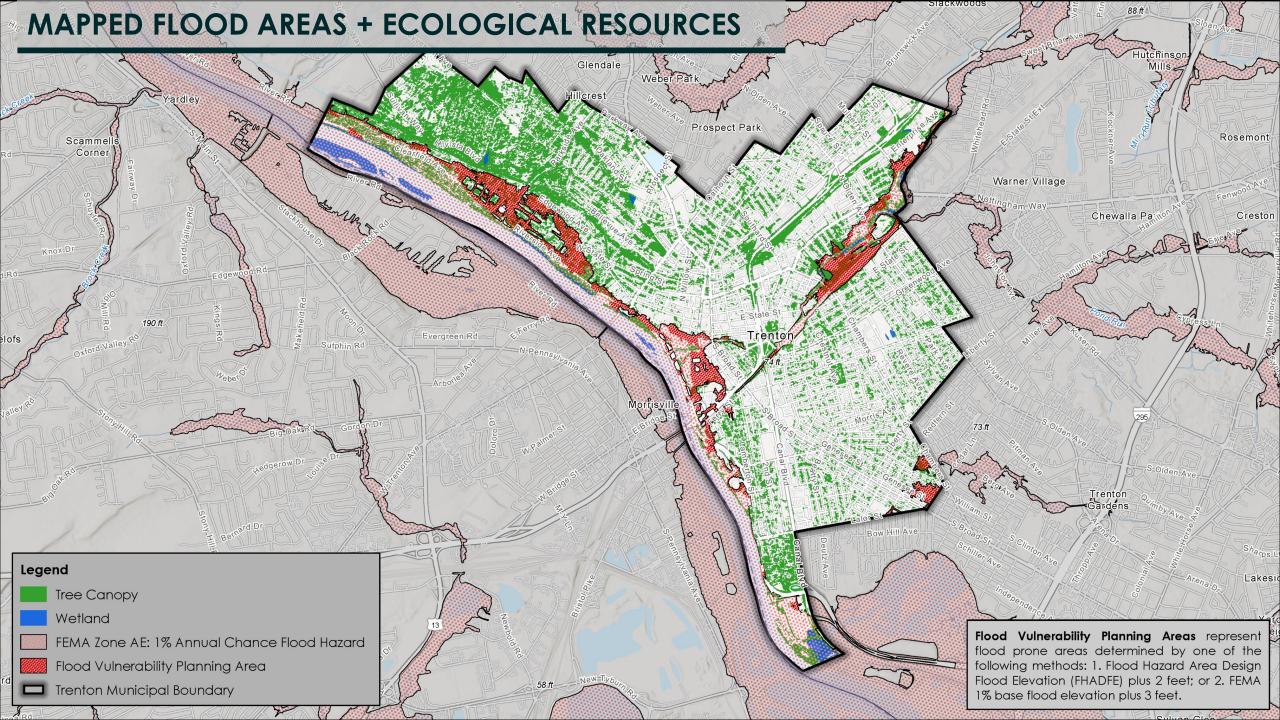
MAPPED FLOOD AREAS + CRITICAL FACILITIES

FEMA Zone AE:

- Trenton Waterworks
- Ferry Street Pump Station
- Clearfield Ave. Lift Station
- Trenton Transit Center
- Portion of Bus Lines 418, 601, 606, 608, 609, 611, 619, 624

Flood Vulnerability Planning Area:

- Trenton Fire and Emergency Services Engine 9
- Portions of Bus Lines 343, 603, 607

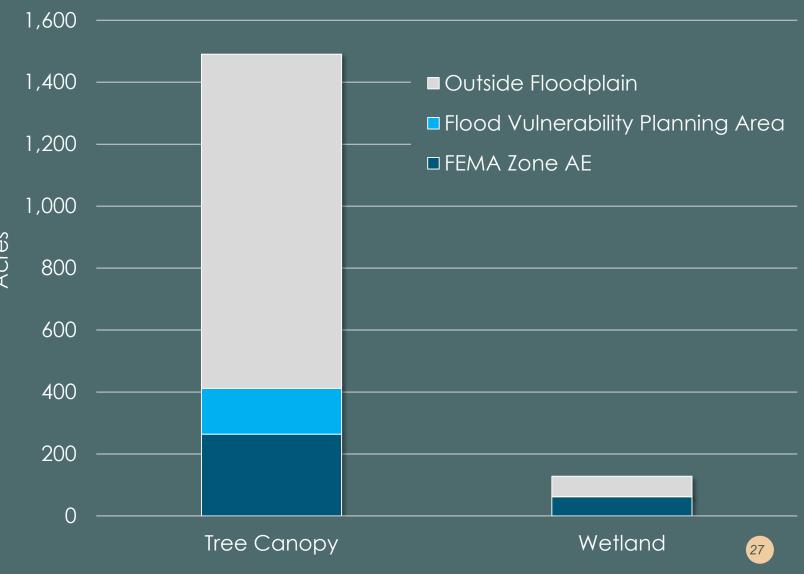


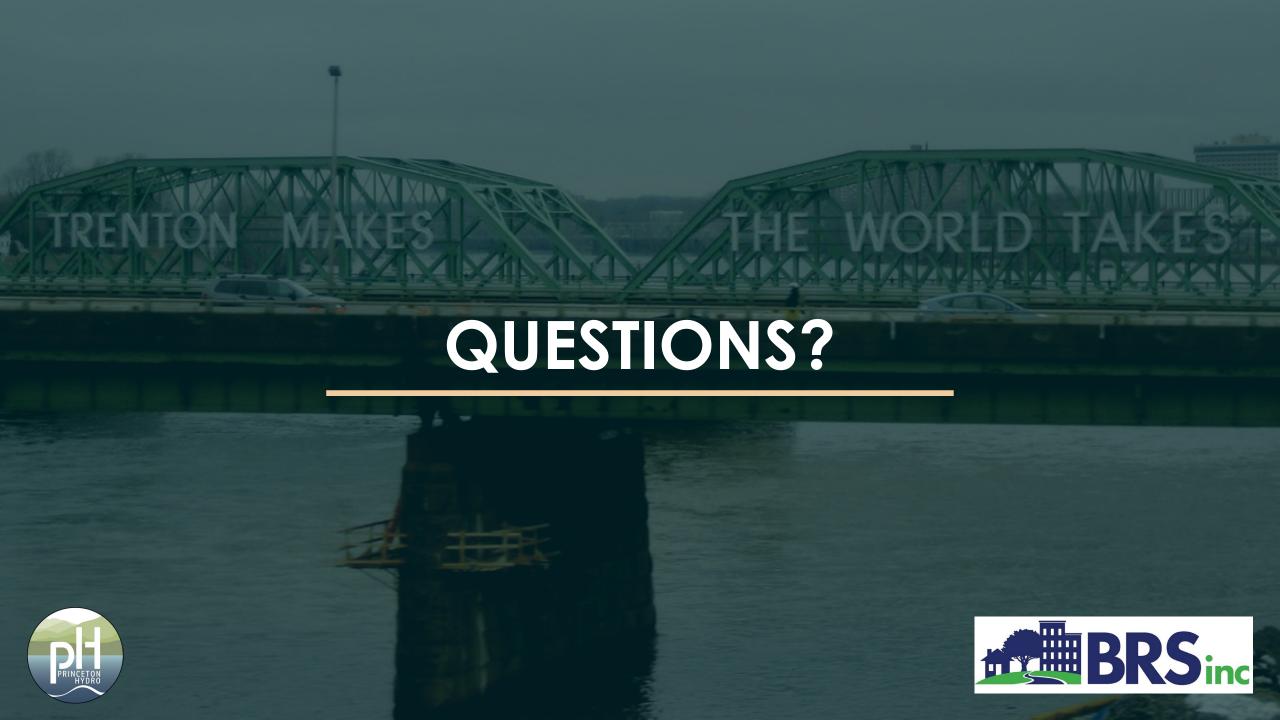
MAPPED FLOOD AREAS + ECOLOGICAL RESOURCES

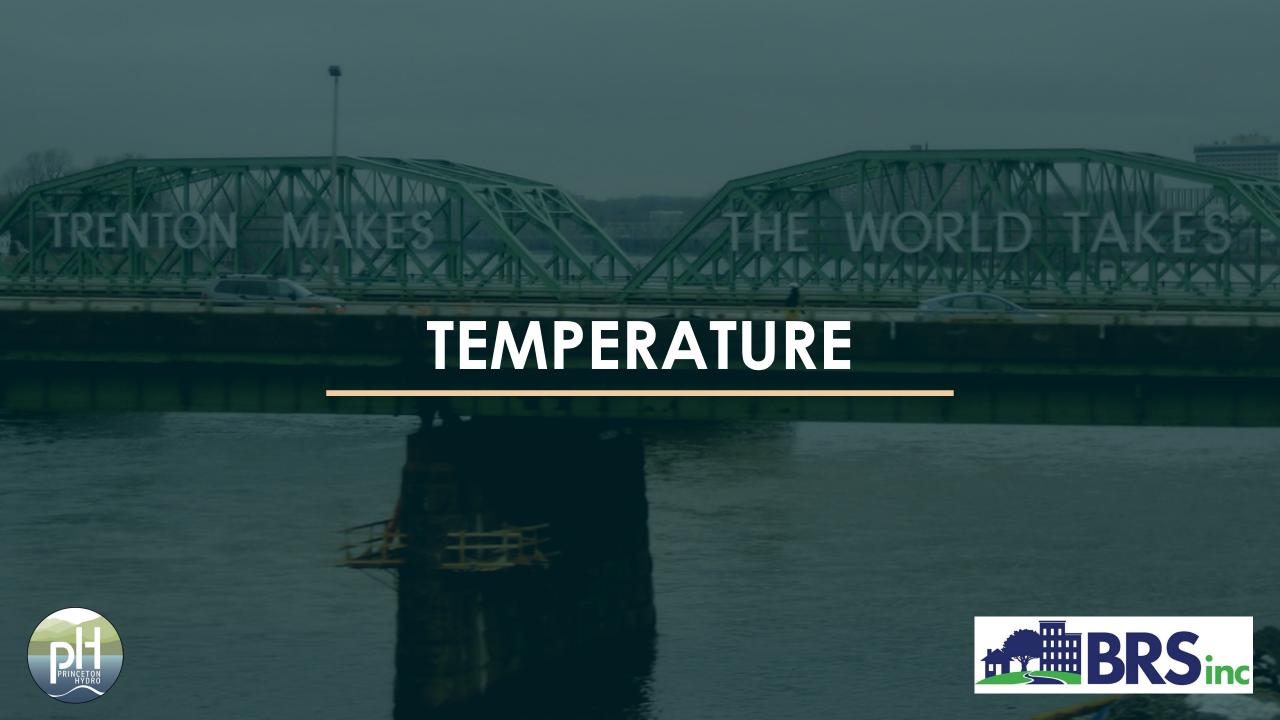
Flood Risk Area Expansion:

Tree +56%

Wetland +1%







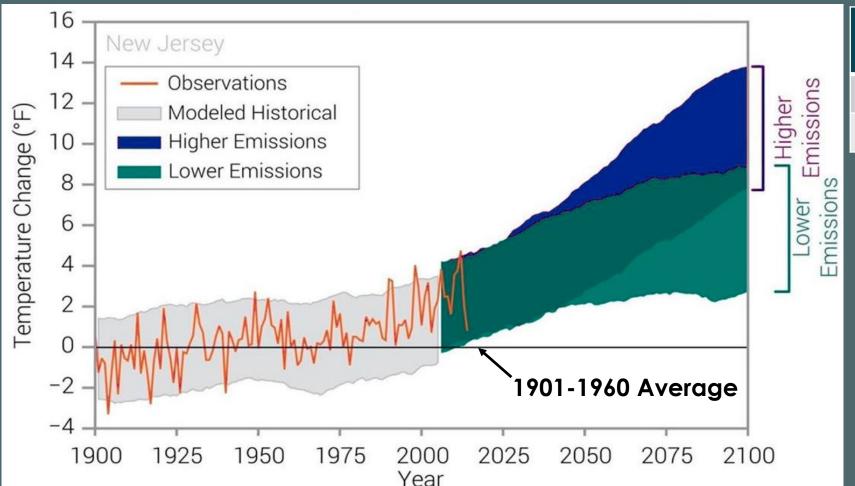
NEW JERSEY TEMPERATURE PREDICTIONS

- New Jersey is warming faster than the rest of the Northeast region and the world.
- Since 1895, New Jersey's annual temperature has increased by 3.5°F.
- Historically unprecedented warming is projected for the 21st century with average annual temperatures in New Jersey increasing by 4.1°F to 5.7°F by 2050.
- Heatwaves are expected to impact larger areas, with more frequency and longer duration by 2050.
- Climate change could result in a 55% increase in summer heat-related mortalities.

Trenton's Regional Annual and Seasonal Increases in Air Temperatures, 1895 to 2019

Season	Temperature Increase (°F)
Winter	+4.6
Spring	+2.9
Summer	+3.1
Fall	+2.8
Annual	+3.4

NEW JERSEY TEMPERATURE PREDICTIONS



Year	Low Emissions	High Emissions
2050	+ 1°F - 6°F	
2100	+ 3°F - 9°F	+ 6°F - 13°F

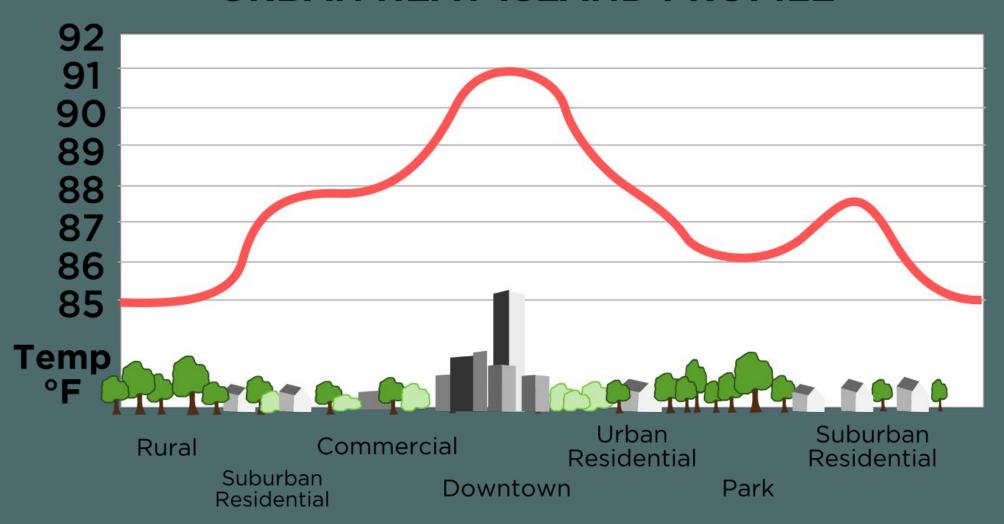
-2020 New Jersey Scientific Report on Climate Change

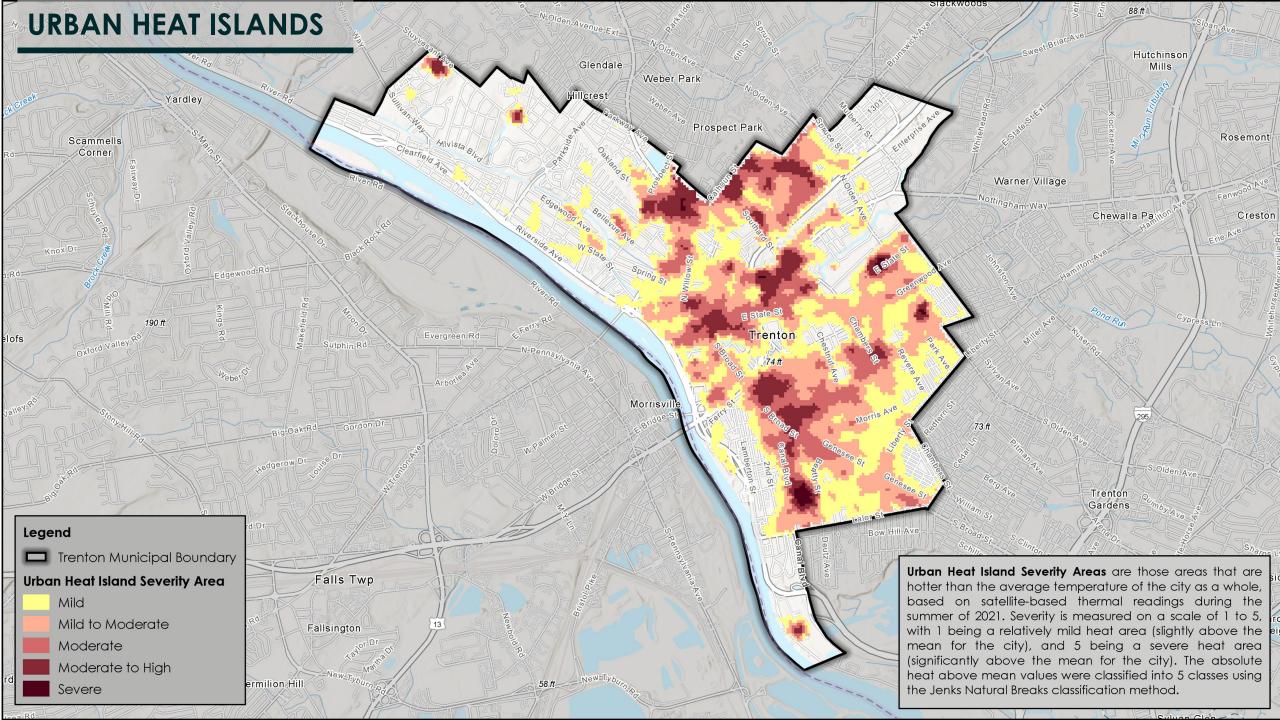
Observed and Projected Changes in Near-Surface Air Temperature for New Jersey.

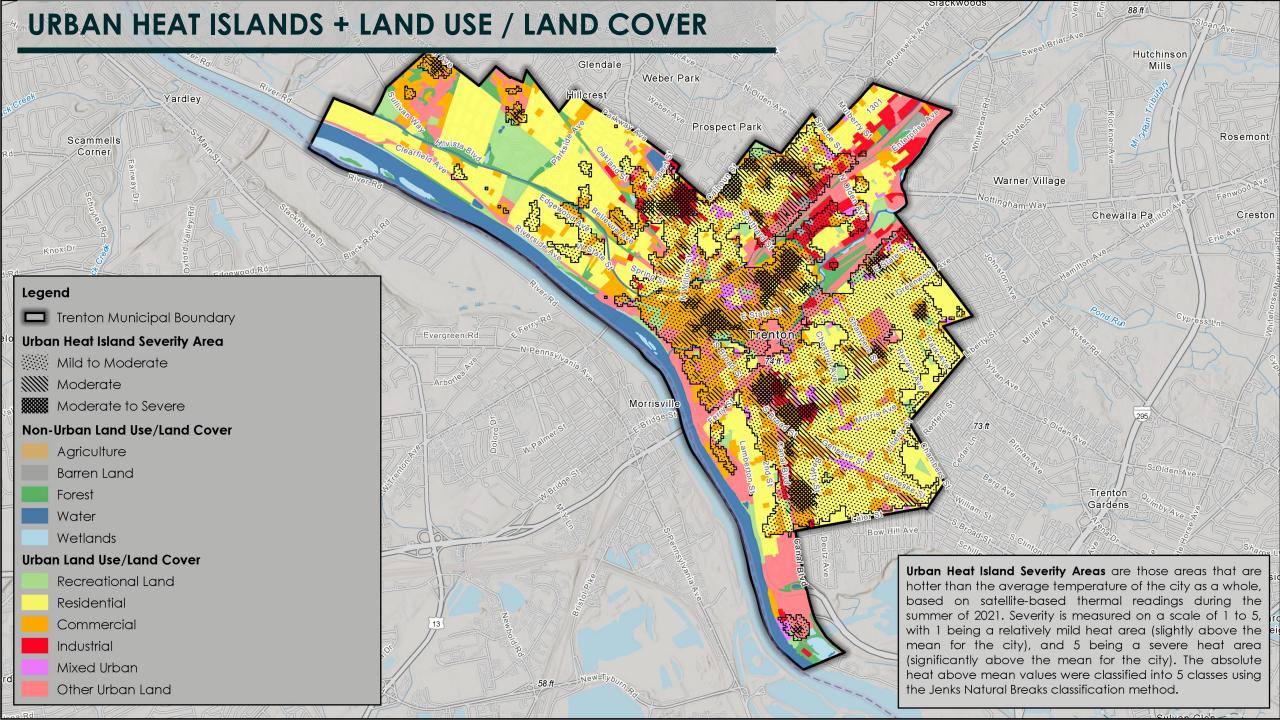
Observed data are for 1900-2014. Projected changes are for 2006-2100 (Runkle et al. 2017).

THE URBAN HEAT ISLAND EFFECT

URBAN HEAT ISLAND PROFILE

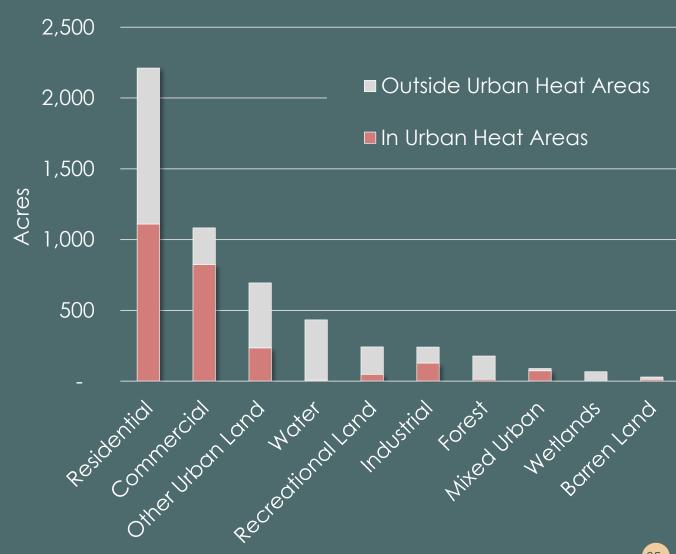




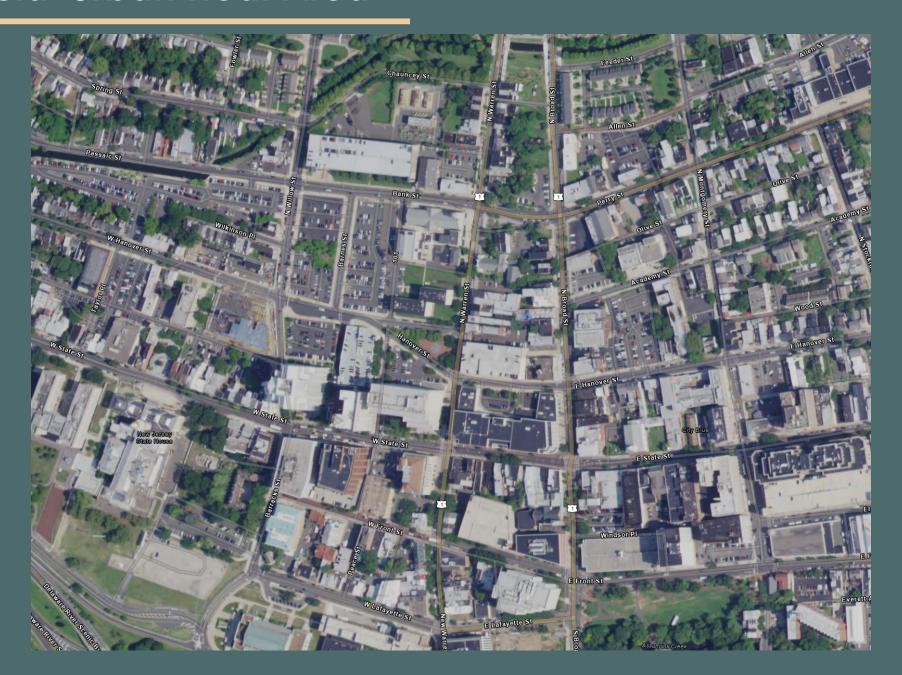


TRENTON'S URBAN HEAT ISLANDS + LAND USE / LAND COVER

- Forest, water, wetlands, and recreational land are less likely to be within urban heat areas.
 - < 2% of water and wetlands
 - 8% of forest
 - 20% of recreation land
- Residential and industrial land are about equally likely to be within or outside of urban heat areas.
- Commercial and mixed urban lands are more likely to be within urban heat areas
 - 76% of commercial lands
 - 82% of mixed urban lands

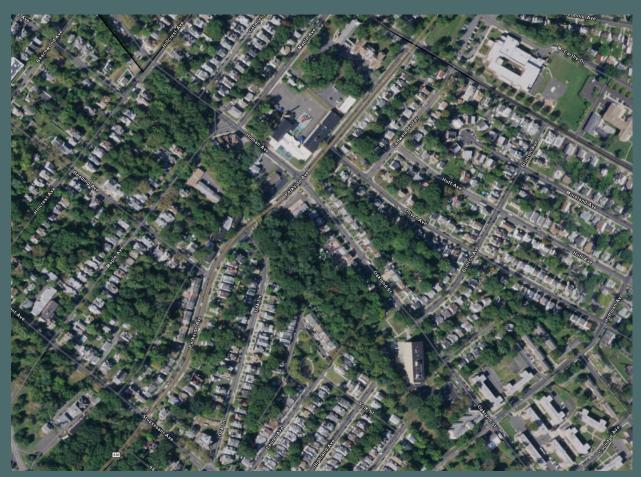


Commercial Urban Heat Area

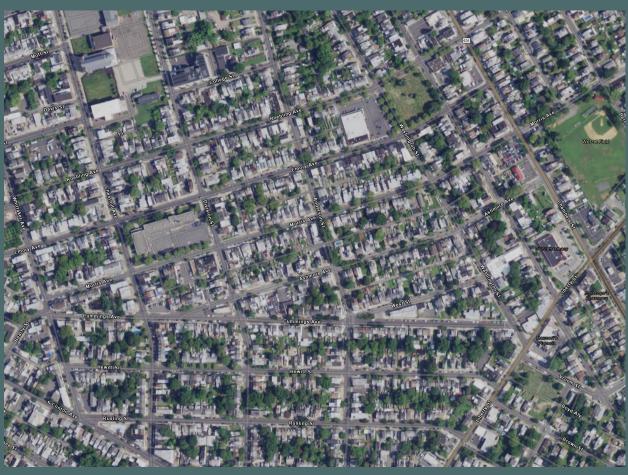


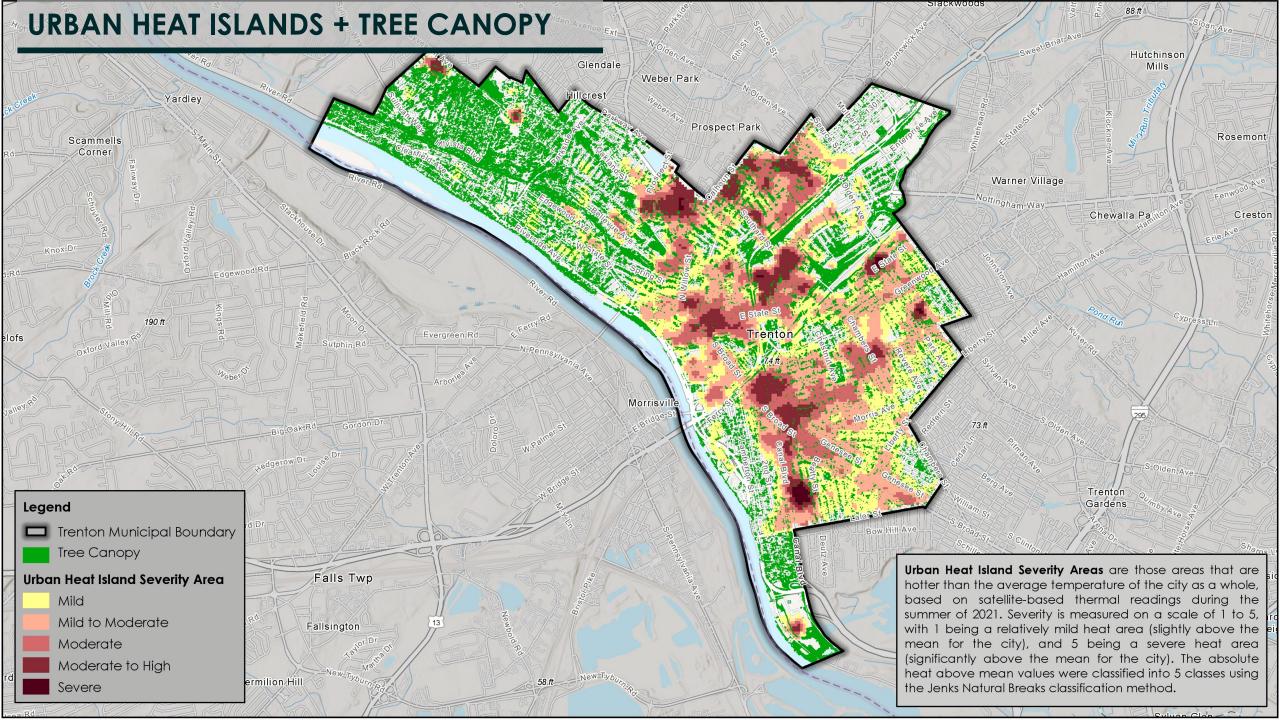
RESIDENTIAL URBAN HEAT AREA

Outside of an Urban Heat Area



Inside of an Urban Heat Area





TRENTON'S URBAN HEAT ISLANDS + TREE CANOPY

- About 23% of the city is covered by tree canopy.
- About 91% of urban heat areas are within noncanopy areas.
- About 81% of canopy covered areas are outside of urban heat areas.

